America's Water Infrastructure Act of 2018: Risk Assessments and Emergency Response Plans

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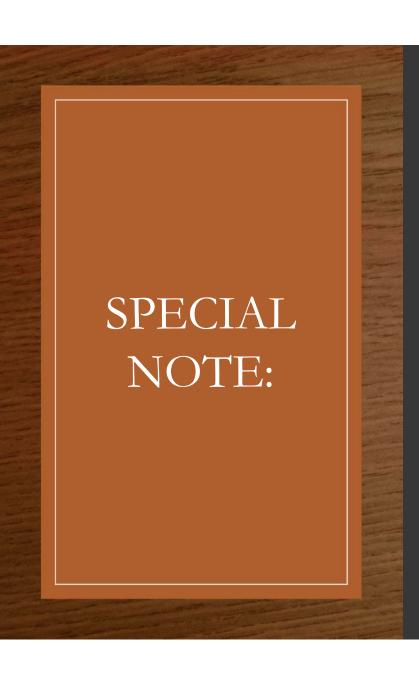
America's
Water
Infrastructure
Act (AWIA) –
Section 2013

On October 23, 2018 signed into law.

- Water systems serving more than 3,300 people must develop or update risk assessments and emergency response plans (ERPs).
 - Establishes components that the risk assessments and ERPs must address, and
 - Establishes deadlines by which water systems must <u>certify</u> to EPA completion of the risk assessment and ERP.

Population Served	Risk Assessment	Emergency Response Plan*
≥100,000	March 31, 2020	September 30, 2020
50,000-99,999	December 31, 2020	June 30, 2021
3,301-49,999	June 30, 2021	December 30, 2021

Certification Deadlines



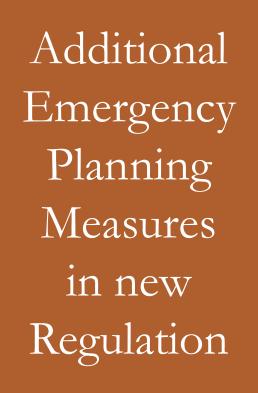
Emergency response plan certifications are due six months from the date of the risk assessment certification.

- The dates shown in the previous table are certification dates based on a utility submitting a risk assessment on the final due date.
- No reason to submit too early. That will be your renewal date for ever.



Section 604.135 Repair Work and Emergency Operation

- d) Emergency Operations Plan
 - 1) Each community water supply must develop an emergency operations plan for the provision of water under emergency circumstances, including earthquakes, floods, tornados, and other disasters. The emergency operations plan must include a review of the methods and means by which alternative supplies of drinking water could be provided in the event of destruction, impairment or contamination of community water supply.
 - 2) The community water supply must The community water supply review its emergency operations plan at least every three years and revise the plan as necessary. must maintain the emergency operations plan on site and make it available to the Agency, upon request.

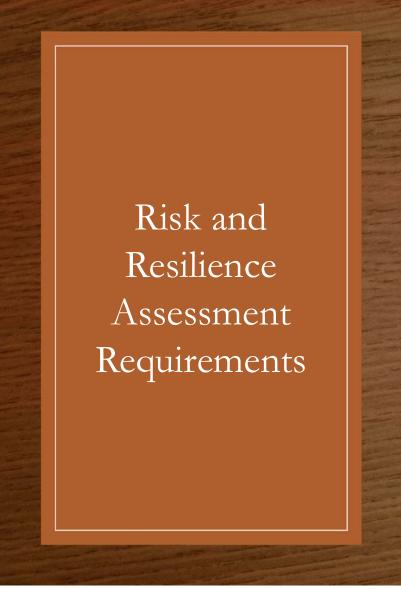


Section 604.155 Electrical Controls and Standby Power

- a) Electrical controls must be located above grade, in areas not subject to flooding.
- b) Each community water supply must provide on site, dedicated **standby power** capable of maintaining continued operation of its water system during power outages to meet the average daily usage determined under Section 604.115.

Section 604.160 Safety

- a) All community water supplies whose treatment involves chemical application must have and maintain a **chemical safety plan**.
- b) All community water supply personnel involved in the use and maintenance of chemicals must have periodic safety training.

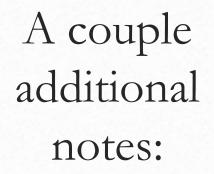


Six required elements:

- Risk to the system from malevolent acts and natural hazards;
- Resilience of the pipes and constructed conveyances, physical barriers, source water, water collection and intake, pretreatment, treatment, storage and distribution facilities, electronic, computer, or other automated systems (including the security of such systems) which are utilized by the system;



- The monitoring practices of the system;
- The financial infrastructure of the system;
- The use, storage, or handling of various chemicals by the system;
 and
- the operation and maintenance of the system.



The assessment may include an evaluation of capital and operational needs for risk and resilience management for the system.

No later than August 1, 2019, EPA will release a baseline threat document to provide community water systems with additional information concerning risk assessment requirements.

Emergency Response Plan Requirements

Four elements:

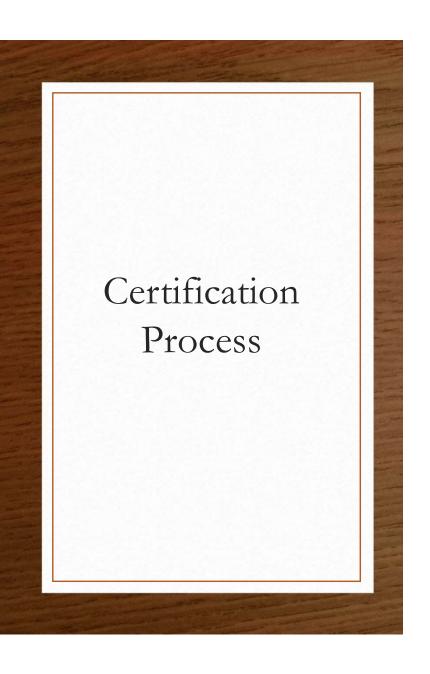
- Strategies and resources to improve the resilience of the system, including the physical security and cybersecurity of the system;
- Plans and procedures that can be implemented, and identification of equipment that can be utilized, in the event of a malevolent act or natural hazard that threatens the ability of the community water system to deliver safe drinking water;

Four elements continued:

- Actions, procedures and equipment which can obviate or significantly lessen the impact of a malevolent act or natural hazard on the public health and the safety and supply of drinking water provided to communities and individuals, including the development of alternative source water options, relocation of water intakes and construction of flood protection barriers; and
- Strategies that can be used to aid in the detection of malevolent acts or natural hazards that threaten the security or resilience of the system.

Coordination with local emergency

- Community water systems shall to the extent possible coordinate with local emergency planning committees established under the Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act of 1986 when preparing or revising an assessment or emergency response plan under the AWIA.
- Further, systems must maintain a copy of the assessment and emergency response plan for five years after certifying the plan to the EPA.





The U.S. EPA is currently developing a process for community water systems to certify completion of risk assessments and emergency response plans.



Three options will be provided for risk assessment and emergency response plan certification submittals:

- 1) regular mail
- 2) email; or
- 3) userfriendly, secure online portal.



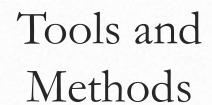
Contact information for each option will be available no later than August 1, 2019.

This is an U.S. EPA Certification

- Section 2013 of AWIA does not require utilities to submit the certification to State or Local Governments.
 - Last word received from Illinois EPA was that they were not going to be involved.
 - Except during routine audit during inspection.

Five-year
Review,
Revision and
Certification
Requirements

- Each community water system serving more than 3,300 persons must review its risk and resilience assessment at least once every five years to determine if it should be revised. Upon completion of such a review, the system must submit to the EPA a certification that it has reviewed its assessment and revised it, if applicable.
- Further, each community water system serving more than 3,300 persons must review and, if necessary, revise its emergency response plan at least once every five years after the system completes the required review of its risk and resilience assessment. The emergency response plan must incorporate any revisions to the risk and resilience assessment. Upon completion of such a review, but not later than six months after certifying the review of its risk and resilience assessment, the system must submit to the EPA a certification that it has reviewed its emergency response plan and revised it, if applicable.



https://www.epa.gov/waterresilience



U.S. EPA **recommends** using AWWA J100-10 Risk and Resilience Management of Water and Wastewater Systems along with other tools from U.S. EA and other organizations.



AWIA does not require the use of any standards, methods or tools for the risk and resilience assessment or emergency response plan.

Environmental Topics

About EPA

Drinking Water and Wastewater Resilience

Register for Risk

Assessment and Emergency
Response Plan Webinar

EXIT

Register for In-person Risk

Register for In-person Risk

Assessment and Emergency
Response Plan Training

Not sure where to start?

<u>Download the 2018 Route</u>
to Resilience.



CONTACT US

SHARE











Not sure where to start?

<u>Download the 2018 Route</u>
to Resilience.

Assess



- Conduct a risk assessment
- Learn financial and health impacts of a water disruption
- Creating Resilient Water Utilities
- Adopt cybersecurity best practices

Plan



- Develop emergency response plans
- Build hazard resilience
- Build relationships in your community
- Share resources during an emergency

Learn About Water Resilience

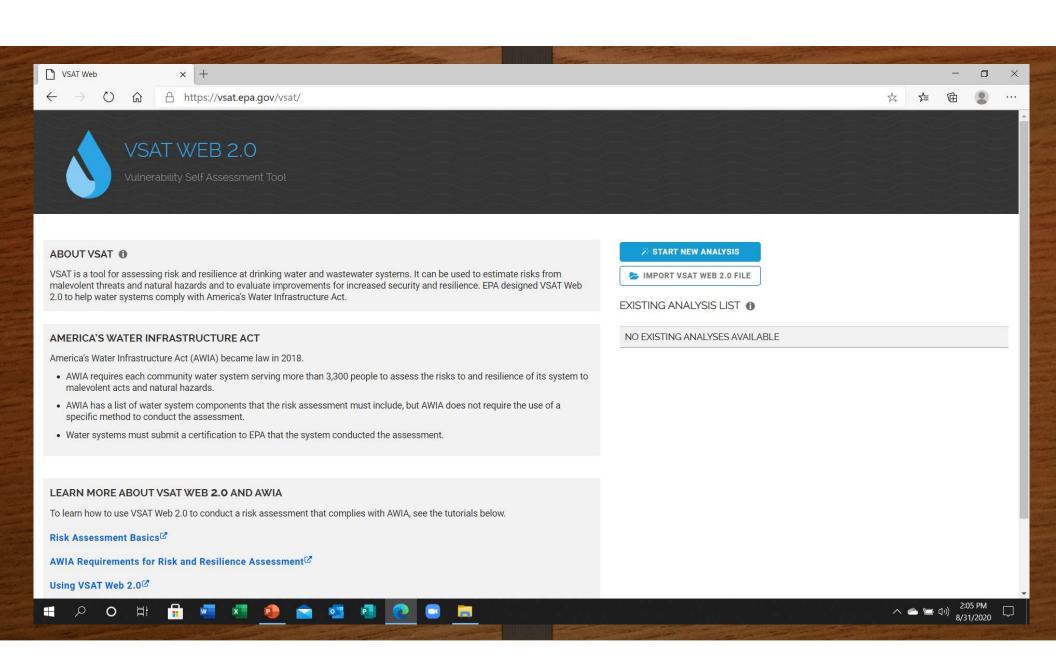
- Water resilience basics
- Protect your local water supply
- Technical support products and services

Join Our Email List

Related Sites

Conduct a Drinking Water or Wastewater Utility Risk Assessment

- Vulnerability Self-Assessment Tool Web Enabled (VSAT Web) 2.0
- VSAT Web is a *user-friendly tool* that can help drinking water and wastewater utilities of all sizes to enhance their security and resiliency.
- With VSAT Web, a utility can identify the highest risks to mission-critical operations and find the most cost-effective measures to reduce those risks
- Highlights of VSAT Web:
 - Designed for mobile devices like tablets and iPads, as well as personal computers, and runs on most Internet browsers.
 - No VSAT Web User data is stored by or visible to EPA!
 - Complies with risk assessment standards, and offers liability protection under the Department of Homeland Security's Support Anti-Terrorism by Fostering Effective Technologies (SAFETY) Act program.



Develop (update) a Drinking Water or Wastewater Utility ERP

EPA has resources for water and wastewater utilities to help in developing or updating Emergency Response Plans.

Document Title

Emergency Response Plan Guidance for Small and Medium Community Water Systems

Emergency Response Plan Guidance for Large Community Water Systems

All-Hazards Consequence Management Planning for the Water Sector

Top Ten List for Small Ground water Systems

Audience

Systems serving populations between 3,301 and 99,999

Systems serving populations of 100,000 and greater

Systems of all sizes

All small ground water systems



and Medium Community Water Systems

For use by community water systems serving populations between 3,301 and 99,999.

You may need a PDF reader to view some of the files on this page. See EPA's About PDF page to learn more.

 Emergency Response Plan Guidance for Small and Medium Community Water Systems (PDF) (45 pp, 424 K, 816-R-04-002)

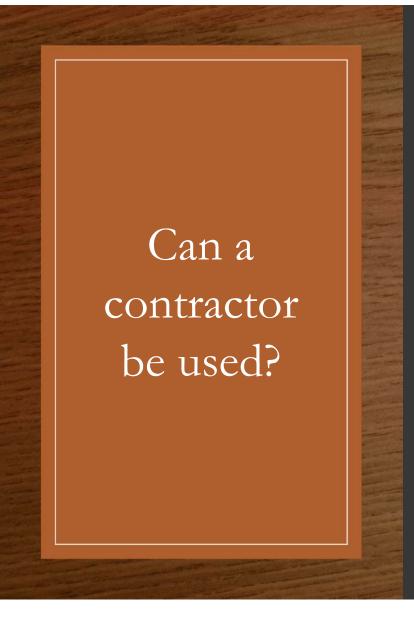
Contact Us to ask a question, provide feedback, or report a problem.

45 Page Document- 5 Chapters – Chapter 2 – 8 Elements of an ERP

- II. Emergency Response Plan—Eight Core Elements A. System Specific Information (Element 1)
- B. CWS Roles and Responsibilities (Element 2)
- C. Communication Procedures: Who, What, and When (Element 3)
- 1. Internal Notification List
- 2. 2. External Non-CWS Notification List
- 3. Public/Media Notification: When and How to Communicate
- D. Personnel Safety (Element 4)
- E. Identification of Alternate Water Sources (Element 5)
- F. Replacement Equipment and Chemical Supplies (Element 6)
- G. Property Protection (Element 7)
- H. Water Sampling and Monitoring (Element 8)



and Medium Community Water Systems
to Comply with the Public Health Security
and Bioterrorism Preparedness
and Response Act of 2002



- Yes, but the Utility is ultimately responsible for meeting the requirements previously outlined.
- Aka., your utility is responsible for ensuring that the risk and resilience assessment and emergency response plan address all the criteria in AWIA Section 2013(a) and (b), respectively.



- Conducted a "pilot" using U.S.
 EPA software tools
- Conducted a "pilot" using proprietary software - SEMS
- Developed templates for RRA and ERP

Where do you go for help on the RRA and ERP?

• Go to IRWA website @:

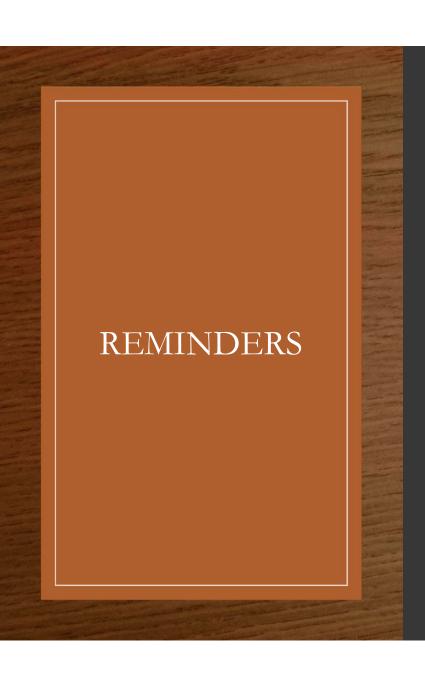
https://www.ilrwa.org/ and follow links or http://www.ilrwa.org/Downloads/VAERPhtml. html

Word and Excel versions.

- Pros and cons to both versions....
- Disclaimer We did our best to make documents meet State and Federal Requirements. However, no legal review so....

What do
you need to
get craking
on your
RRA and
ERP?

- Old ERP (and vulnerability assessment if you had one)
- Most recent Illinois EPA inspection
- Insurance values of your assets
- A computer with Microsoft Word and/or Excel



- CERTIFICATION DEADLINE
 June 30, 2021 FOR RRA
 -December 30, 2021 ERP
- DO NOT CERTIFY TOO EARLY, on the other hand don't wait until midnight on June 30.
 - My bet is that the closer we get to that date the more U.S. EPA is going to be overwhelmed.
- ONLY CERTIFYING, DO NOT SEND PROTECTED INFORMATION TO ANYONE!
 - IEPA will check to make sure you have an ERP during inspections
 - They do not want copies of the Certification, this is a U.S. EPA function